



Woke Mob Disrupts Stone Mountain Memorial Service

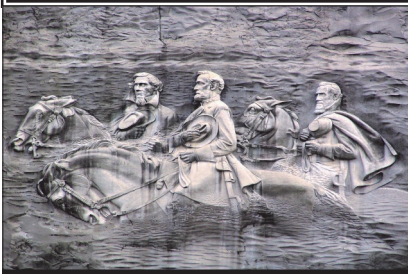
For those of you who were not able to come to our 19th Annual Confederate Memorial Service beneath the Carvings at Stone Mountain Memorial Park I want to give you all an up-date. First, a big thank you for all the folks that was able to come to the Service. we had over 200 attendees, Jubilee played some great old fashion music, Martin O'Toole gave a great inspiring talk and Tim Hawkins and the OCR ladies provided great cookout afterwards.

We did have to contend with the woke mob that was allowed by the Stone Mountain Memorial Association (SMMA) Operations to descend upon our Memorial Service and started screaming profanities, many had bull horns. The mob included Antifa, NAACP, Democratic Socialist of Atlanta and Stone Mountain Action Coalition. None of these groups had a permit to assemble at the park nor a permit for the bull horns. On the other hand, the SCV did have a legal permit for our annual Memorial Service as we do every year, we follow the rules.

As soon as the Service started someone from the SMMA Operations released the woke mob intentionally to disrupt our Memorial Service.

It's ironic watching the news at the same intimidation games these same groups play while protesting Pro-life groups and our Supreme Court Justices homes. It's the same intimidation game the woke mob played that made our

See the Georgia State Confederate Memorial Day speech by Division Spokesman/Martin K. O'Toole on page 5.



SCV Georgia Division Reunion
Quick summary of the SCV Georgia Division Reunion (June 4th) election and amendments:
4th Brigade Cdr. - William Scott Dooley
6th Brigade Cdr. - William Joseph Hagin
Lt. Cdr. North - George Crawford
Lt. Cdr. South - Ken Arvin
Div. Adjutant - Tim Hawkins
Div. Judge Advocate - Dan Coleman
Div. Commander - Tim Pilgrim
Amendment #01 - (By Law) - did not pass
Amendment #02 - (Brigade alignment) postponed
Amendment #03 (review brigade boundaries every 5 years) - passed

State Government buckle and placed an 8 foot high iron security fence around our State Capital Building.

We have written a letter to the SMMA and copied the Governor and the DNR Commissioner (the SMMA is a branch of the DNR) asking for an official investigation into this matter – also reminding them that no one has the 1st Amendment right to disrupt another group's right to assemble and speak freely.



Sons of Confederate Veterans

GEORGIA DIVISION ★ ★ ★ ARMY OF TENNESSEE

May 5, 2022

Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Bill Stephens, CEO Stone Mountain Memorial Association
2003 Robert E. Lee Blvd.
Stone Mountain, Ga. 30086

Re: Inquiry on the violation of SMMA rules at the 19th Annual Confederate Memorial Service

Dear Mr. Stephens:

I am sure you have been briefed on the fiasco that Park Operations allowed to occur this Saturday at our 19th annual Confederate Memorial Day service. I cannot begin to tell you how extremely disappointed we are with the Park's leadership at the event. An unruly mob was allowed to descend upon the area where we were having our annual Memorial service. Once they got to our area these thugs began screaming profanities through their bullhorns at our attendees (i.e., fxxk you & die mother fxxkers, etc.). This was especially upsetting because we had many women and children at the Memorial service; some were so upset they decided to leave. This continued throughout the entire Memorial service. The chanted profanities got even louder during our closing prayers and the playing of taps in honor of our fallen veterans!

Please go to the below Twitter link of Sean Keenan of the NY Times to witness the videos first hand, beware of the profanities:

<https://mobile.twitter.com/ThatSeanKeenan/status/1520432522919825408>

This all was a total shock to us. During our previous 18 years of memorial services beneath the carving the only interruptions we had ever experienced were the locomotive coming through and the families on board waving at our attendees. After the memorial service, park visitors come streaming over to take photos with the soldiers and cannons, much to our pleasure.

We are not sure why this mob of thugs was allowed to disrupt our Confederate Memorial Day service this year. One thing for sure is that our 1st Amendment rights and the Memorial service were both compromised. At best this was done negligently and at worst intentionally. Someone with the SMMA operations group should be held accountable.

As you well know, the Georgia Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans, Inc. (SCV) always follows the Parks rules and obtains a legal permit from the Park for our annual memorial services. We are always respectful and peaceful; we leave the Park better than when we arrive.

Page 1 of 3

The letter above from Division Commander Pilgrim to the Stone Mountain Memorial Association (SMMA) is continued on page 18.

The Charge to the Georgia Division

To you, Sons of Confederate Veterans, we submit the vindication of the Cause for which we fought; to your strength will be given the defense of the Confederate soldier's good name, the guardianship of his history, the emulation of his virtues, the perpetuation of those principles he loved and which made him glorious and which you also cherish.

Remember, it is your duty to see that the true history of the South is presented to future generations.

NON PROFIT ORG
U.S. POSTAGE PAID
CALLAHAN, FL 32011
PERMIT #3

The Georgia Confederate
P.O. Box 1081
Macon, GA 31202



👉 Cdr. Michael Reither (L) inducts new compatriot Bill Marks into Kennesaw Battlefield #700 on March 9. Bill's Confederate ancestor was Private James Marks, Co. F, 13th Battalion, North Carolina Light Artillery.



👉 Roswell Mills Camp #1547 member US Army Colonel (ret) George Thurmond presents the HL Hunley award to Cadet Captain Aaron Frank, North Springs High School JROTC program.



👉 Roswell Mills Camp #1547 adjutant Rick Leake presents the 12th Brigade JROTC scholarship to North Springs High School JROTC instructor Major Todd Powers, US Army (ret) and the Battalion Commander.



👉 During the Thomson Guards March meeting, Compatriot Patric Parker was presented the SCV 20 year service pin for his dedication and continued service. Patric has done a superlative job supporting the efforts of Camp 91 and the Georgia Division. Shown in the photo L to R: David Butler, Adjutant, Patric Parker and Commander Tom Holley.



👉 Ashley Boggan (L) was sworn in by Cmdr. Robert L. Smith of Capt James Knox camp 2022. His ancestor was Captain Hardeman Owen Collier; Co. B, 40th Georgia Infantry.



👉 Two photos above: Southern Cross Dedication in Rebecca, Ga. Along with the Anderson Battery Cannon Crew



👉 On Saturday, April 2nd, twelve members of Camp 91, Thomson Guards, 5th Brigade met at the Thomson Memorial Cemetery that was created in 1856. After a short memorial service honoring our 110 Confederate Veterans, the members had the honor to mark the graves with small battle flags. The camp members then walked a very short distance to The Thomson Confederate



👉 Ga. 3B Troop 3 Mid State Defenders Squad promotions: Sergeants are James Walls, Tim Bryan.



👉 Gordon Stephens (center) was inducted into Capt. James Knox #2022 by Cdr. Robert Smith (right) and Lt.

👉 Cdr. Brandon Banks (L) inducted David Slaughter into General Stand Watie #915 in Calhoun, GA.

DIVISION COMMANDER'S REPORT

Gentlemen,

I'm pleased to announce that we had a successful 125th Annual Division Reunion in Macon. We were able to fill the Brigade Commander vacancies in 4th and 6th Brigades and have a great slate of dedicated Division Wide officers ready to serve the Camps of our Division. I'm honored to serve another term as your Division Commander, I commit to you we will continue the fight to protect our Confederate monuments and grow the Georgia Division.

We were honored to have our LT. Commander in Chief Jason Bosher attend our annual reunion. Commander Bosher informed the reunion delegates that the Georgia Division is the benchmark for all the other Divisions in our Confederation. Commander Bosher will be running for SCV Commander in Chief at the 127th SCV National Reunion this July. Jason has been a big supporter of the Georgia Division and will make a great CIC for the SCV.

Our attorneys did an excellent job in their oral arguments before the Georgia Supreme Court, we hope to have a favorable ruling in a couple months.

Below is my official State of the Georgia Division report issued to SCV National for the report book distributed at the National Reunion.

Sons of Confederate Veterans 127th Annual Reunion The Georgia Division 2021/22 Annual Report

I'm pleased to report the Georgia Division is stronger than ever. The Georgia Division remains the largest Division in our Confederation, serving over 3,200 members in 99 active Camps that are located throughout the largest State East of the Mississippi River.

We contribute much of our strength through our communications efforts. Keeping our Division membership informed is one of our primary objectives. We issue Division wide email notifications and press re-

leases through our constant contact account, our web-page and social media accounts are up-dated regularly. Our Division Newsletter the Georgia Confederate is sent to our membership every two months.

After three years of litigation, filing multiple law suits and spending thousands of dollars to stop these liberal politicians from violating Georgia's monument protection laws, we have finally got an opportunity from the Georgia Supreme Court to stop the madness. The Georgia Supreme Court granted the Sons of Confederate Veterans Writ of Certiorari on the Henry and Newton County cases. This development is definitely a positive indication that we may finally get justice for Georgia's Confederate Veterans. It has been a long fight, many members, supporters and Camps have given generously. SCV National has given monetary support our efforts. Through many setbacks and bad rulings, but we have stuck to our guns and held the line. Hopefully by the National Reunion we will be able to report that the Georgia Supreme Court has given us a favorable ruling.

The Georgia Division has seven (7) major legal battles on-going. The Newton, Henry and Rockdale cases are before the Georgia Supreme Court. The DeKalb and Glynn County cases are before the Georgia Court of Appeals and the City of Columbus and Gwinnett County cases are still at the Superior Court level, awaiting to be heard.

The Georgia Division has created a 501c4 organization that allows the 501c4 organization to engage in funding unlimited lobbyist and legislative activities without involving the SCV's 501c3 status. A separate 527 Political Action Committee has been created called the Veterans Memorial Coalition, Inc. to help support candidates that support Veterans monuments. The PAC's web-page address is www.Vetmc.org.

As of date the Georgia Division has allocated approximately \$615,200 from our specialty tag funds to help our Camps fund local Heritage projects and Division wide projects.

The Division continues its out-reach effort to new and existing JROTC

High School programs to make available the H. L. Hunley Awards that we have in stock for our Camps at our Division HQ Office. The Division also continues to provide a \$250 scholarship to every H.L. Hunley award recipient.

I'm proud to say this is the 7th year the Georgia Division Headquarters Office has been in operation. We have on staff a Division Secretary, Mrs. Kitty Dorety that manages our Division's daily operations. Our Division Office is located in the American Federal Building at 544 Mulberry Street, Ste. 310, Macon, Ga. 31202, 1-866-728-4642. Maintaining a Division HQ Office has been a key element in taking our Division to the next level of growth. The Division has decided to get into the used book business by selling used books that has been donated to the Division (tax deductible). These books are being sold through an on-line book broker AbeBooks.com, and all proceeds are used to help make our Division office operations self supporting. We continue to operate an on-line store making available Confederate Flags, Tags, Stick Flags, lapel pins, and historical literature and CDs. Please visit our Division's web-site at www.gascv.org to see the store items we have to offer.

Our Camps are aggressively recruiting new members through the implementation of our associate membership program, having a Division Genealogist on staff and having a Division Head-Quarters Camp for new members who are looking for a home Camp.

The Georgia Division's Flags Across Georgia program is going strong. We have 12 large Division Flag poles across the State of Georgia. The Division purchases these over-size Battle Flags for these Division poles and distributes them to the local Camps that maintain these poles. We are always on the lookout for any "prime" locations to erect new flagpoles. The 3rd Battalion, Company B of the Mechanized Calvary unit of the Division mans a preventative maintenance crew that inspects and make repairs to our Division poles as required.

As of Date the Georgia Division has distributed over 295,000 "Truth



Concerning the Confederate Battle Flag" CDs by Pastor John Weaver throughout the Confederation and the Country. These CDs are distributed by the Division at our bulk purchase cost of .35 cents each which makes our minimum order of 100 CDs for \$35 plus shipping very affordable for individuals and Camps to distribute to folks who need a history lesson and all they have to do is listen. These CD are available at our at our Division store.

The Georgia Division fully supports the Georgia Confederates Youth Camp and congratulates the Youth Camp on their 7th year of successful operations. The Division continues to support the Youth Camp by offering a \$200 scholarship to young men and women to attend a full week of Southern /Confederate Heritage education curriculum modeled after the Sam Davis Christian Youth Camp.

In conclusion, the Georgia Division is the largest and most proactive Divisions in the Sons of Confederate Veterans. Our membership is comprised of some of the most dedicated Confederates in our Confederation. We will continue to lead and to do what we do best, to honor our Confederate Heroes.

Live the Charge,

Timothy F. Pilgrim

Georgia Division Commander

Georgia Division Officers & Staff ~ 2022 –2023

Georgia Division Commander
Timothy F. Pilgrim
20 Old Fuller Mill Rd. NE
Marietta, Ga. 30067
timfpilgrim@yahoo.com
404-456-3393

**Division Lt. Commander North
(Brigades : 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13)**
George James Crawford
435A S. 6th Street,
Griffin, Ga. 30224
brokeoti@gmail.com
678-360-9667

**Division Lt. Commander South
(Brigades : 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)**
Ken Arvin
69 Brooklyn Circle
Richland Ga. 31825
orphabn@outlook.com
706-366-3687

Division Chief of Staff
James Bond
james.jrb@gmail.com
407-340-3709

Division Adjutant
Timothy Hawkins
104 Suncrest Place
Kathleen, Ga. 31047
thawkins427@gmail.com
478-951-2628

Division Judge Advocate
Daniel Coleman
8735 Jenkins Rd., Winston, Ga.
30187
dancofin@yahoo.com 770-265-
7910

**Immediate Past Division Com-
mander**
Scott K. Gilbert, Jr.
81 Tinsley Way, Senoia, Ga. 30276
scottgilbert@bellsouth.net
404-449-2521

1st Brigade Commander
Wendell Bruce
813 County Line Rd.
Rock Springs, Ga. 30739
irrigationdr1@gmail.com
423-629-5222

2nd Brigade Commander
Michael C. Dean
200 Pruitt Drive
Alpharetta, Ga. 30004-1418
csahorsesoldier@gmail.com
404-771-6507

3rd Brigade Commander
Eric M. Cleveland
74 Oak Bend Drive, Hull, Ga. 30646
eric.cleveland@outlook.com
404-771-0903

4th Brigade Commander
William Scott Dooley
36 Searcy Drive
Juliette, Ga. 31046
liamyelood63@gmail.com
478 –767-0768

5th Brigade Commander
Carl Thomas Miller, Jr.
4110 Nicoles Lane
Grovetown, Ga. 30813
ctmillerjr1@comcast.net
706-863-3149

6th Brigade Commander
William Joseph Hagin
116 Glennmary Lane W.
Richmond Hill, Ga. 31324
moonrib@yahoo.com
912-414-3850

7th Brigade Commander
Christopher David May
11028 NE Rocky Ford Rd.
Pinetta, FL.
backcouny450@yahoo.com
229-630-7098

8th Brigade Commander
Eugene Slack III
107 Carriage LN
Sylvester, Ga. 31791
abaccowboy@hotmail.com
229-343-2345

9th Brigade Commander
Jack Cowart
3007 Town and Country Rd.
Donalsonville, Ga. 39845
jackcsa@yahoo.com 229-379-6714

10th Brigade Commander
Joseph Alfred Medcalf, Jr.
122 Medcalf Rd.
Barnesville, Ga. 30204
owlwho55@aol.com 678-572-0723

11th Brigade Commander
Teddy Thomas
2830 Shady Grove Rd.
Carrollton, Ga. 30116
tedthomas1970@yahoo.com
770-283-0720

12th Brigade Commander
Michael Reither
3789 Sweat Creek Run
Marietta, GA 30062-1182
mreither84@att.net

13th Brigade Commander
Anthony "Tony" Jay Pilgrim
6089 Kathie Ct.
Ellenwood, GA 30294
rebelson1974@yahoo.com
770-296-5139

Georgia Division Secretary
Catherine (Kitty) Dorety
Georgia Division, SCV
P.O. Box 1081, Macon, Ga. 31202
secretary@gascv.org

1-866-SCV-in-GA or
1-866-728-4642

DIVISION STAFF OFFICERS

Division Spokesman
Martin K. O'Toole
gascvpr@gmail.com 678-232-8638

Georgia Confederate Editor
Michael Reither
mreither84@att.net

Division Webmaster
Ken Bell
Ken@KenBell.com, 678-360-6895

Face book Administrator
Anthony "Tony" Jay Pilgrim
rebelson1974@yahoo.com
770-296-5139

Division Chaplain
Kim M. Beck
2321 Middle Ground Church Rd., East-
man, Ga. 31023-3043
pinebarrensvolunteers@yahoo.com
478-358-4168 / 478-290-3885

Deputy Division Chaplain - North
Bobby Warren Bradford
176 Old Jones Road, Ellijay, Ga. 30536
bbradford@Ellijay.com 706-273-6043

Division Sergeant at Arms
David W. Aderhold
aderholdswat@bellsouth.net
678-409-5790

Deputy Sergeant at Arms
Lionel Harris
roadking0366@yahoo.com
404-787-5313

Deputy Sergeant at Arms
Wright Thomas Harrell Jr.
wrightharrelljr@windstream.net
478-893-4110

Deputy Sergeant at Arms
Christopher David May
backcouny450@yahoo.com
229-630-7098

Division Heritage Defense Officer
Tony Jay Pilgrim
rebelson1974@yahoo.com
770-296-5139

Senior Aide-de-Camp
Dr. A. Jack Bridwell, Past Division
Commander
P.O. Box 1353, Moultrie, Ga. 31353
olereb@moultriega.net 229-985-8403

Division Genealogist
Hu Robert Daughtry
P.O. Box 406, Metter, Ga. 30439
sidada11@yahoo.com 912-687-6153

Division Event Coordinator
Ken Arvin
orphabn@outlook.com 706-366-3687

Division Grave Registry Coordinator
Garry Earl Daniell
4347 Beachview De. SE, Smyrna, Ga.
30082

g_daniell@bellsouth.net 770-435-4605

Division H.L. Hunley Award Liaison
Scott E. Seay
4425 Evandale Way, Cumming, Ga.
30040
garebel61@bellsouth.net 678-478-6826

Division Poet Laureate
George Ray Houston
grhsylvester@aol.com

**Executive Council
Meeting Schedule:
September 17, 2022 at 9:30 am**
(Ole Times Country Buffet, Macon,
Ga.)

*Our Confederates Ancestors:
Honorable and Courageous Patriots*
Georgia State Confederate Memorial Day Speech
by
Martin K. O’Toole

Thank you for taking time today to consider the deeds and lessons of our long-dead ancestors.

When Confederate commemoration began, it was a memorial to people who were known to those living. Today, it is unlikely that there is a person here who knew an actual Confederate veteran. The last verified Confederate veteran died in 1951.

In a way, that is a greater compliment to you than those who were acquainted with those soldiers, sailors and marines who served the Confederacy in its brief, brilliant career. You love the ancestors you never knew and study their struggles and sacrifices.

But, not outside the memory of many of those present today, was a time when the national culture embraced and venerated the Confederate experience.

Today that American culture is shifting – and not in favor of remembrance. Celebrations and memorial services such as this one are met more and more with not mere indifference, but with outright hostility. One simply cannot deny the malicious influence here of the education (should I say indoctrination?) system and the reigning culture of the media and entertainment industry.

On almost any television show or movie today, if you see a Confederate emblem, you know immediately that you are looking at the murderer or a nut case.

It is not merely the Confederacy which is besieged today. The traditional American nation is under intellectual assault as Columbus, Washington, Jefferson, Madison, et al., are repudiated across the academy and the pop “culture.” Monuments to almost every period and person – except the momentary heroes of the present – have been vandalized or removed to be hidden from public view. Monuments that remain are often desecrated by having “interpretive” plaques thrown up to assure that the orthodoxy demanded by our ruling cabal is always chanted by the obedient.

In the 2021 Georgia General Assembly, for example, we were faced with a bill that states in part that it would:

“[P]rohibit the display of monuments, memorials, plaques, markers, or memorabilia related to the Confederate States of America, slave owners, or persons advocating for slavery on public property except for museums and Civil War battlefields.”

That would cover 12 of the first eighteen presidents of the United States. “Honest Abe,” as you may have heard, is under attack for hanging Indians and championing the Pacific railroad, now seen as cultural aggression against the “native Americans.”

General Patrick Cleburne wrote about the consequences of losing the war on January 2, 1864:

“It means that the history of this heroic struggle will be written by the enemy; that our youth will be trained by Northern school teachers; will learn from Northern school books their version of the war; will be impressed by all the influences of history and education to regard our gallant dead as traitors, our maimed veterans as fit objects for derision. It means the crushing of Southern manhood, the hatred of our former slaves, who will, on a spy system, be our secret police. The conqueror's policy is to divide the conquered into factions and stir up animosity among them...”

Thank you for coming out to affirm the positive ideals of our ancestors and rejecting the tidal wave of abuse heaped up their memory.

Let us consider some of the weapons used against our ancestors. I will only briefly take up three today: losing, treason and Nazism.

Americans do love winners and sometimes people will state as if it were a fact that nobody honors losers.

Let us seek to educate the ignorant. Our educational system has clearly failed.

In Judea, at the Battle of Masada, every man, woman and child was either killed by the Romans or committed suicide. The nation went on to be completely dominated by Rome. Jerusalem had been sacked and pillaged. Yet today the Israeli Defense Force swears its officers in at the site of this disaster. Israel remembers.

Ireland and Scotland are filled with monuments to failed independence efforts. Songs and stories abound. Recently “Braveheart” told the story of the defeat and execution of William Wallace for American audiences. The Irish and the Scots remember.

Winston Churchill used to place an obituary every year on the anniversary of the battle of Hastings to mark the death of Harold, the last Saxon king and subsequent conquest of the Normans.

Let me skip to perhaps the greatest loser of all times. He had his nation completely conquered not once, but twice. I speak of the Emperor Napoleon. Yet Paris is more his city than that of any other man or woman. French officers are sworn in at his tomb. France remembers.

Finally, let us make an American reference. Yes, we still remember the Alamo.

To state that we cannot honor losers simply validates the saying that might makes right. Do you agree?

Our cultural arbiters now routinely refer to Confederates as “traitors.”

What about the charges of treason?

The Elizabethan English writer and courtier John Harington pithily observed:

“Treason doth never prosper?

What’s the Reason?

For if it prosper none dare call it treason.”

Treason is the only crime defined in the United States Constitution.

The crime of treason was very narrowly defined to reduce the tendency of British monarchs to use a broad brush charge of treason to crush their foes.

In 1790, the Congress decreed that the mandatory punishment for treason would be death. No other punishment was named. This was the law in effect in 1861. If the Confederates were traitors, then several hundred thousand – if not millions – of Southern men and women would be subject to execution at the conclusion of the War.

But the Federal Congress in 1861 apparently did not view “insurrection” and “rebellion” as treason. On July 31, 1861, Congress set the penalty for conspiracy to overthrow the United States government or interfere with the operation of its laws as a “high crime” subject to a fine of not less than \$500 and not more than \$5,000 ***or*** (note: not and) imprisonment of not more than six years.

Apparently, the Federal Congress and the Lincoln administration saw a difference between treason and “insurrection” or “rebellion.”

In 1862, Congress reduced the jail term to five years and raised the fine to not more than \$10,000.

Since the time of the Middle Ages, the subject of a realm has been permitted to “abjure the realm.” Today we call this renouncing one’s citizenship. In fact, if you buy a firearm, on the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives Form 4473, the Government wants to know if you have ever renounced your citizenship.

I think we can safely say that by resigning from the United States Army and then swearing an oath of allegiance to the Confederate States of America and joining the Confederate Army that Lee, Jackson and all other Confederates clearly “abjured the realm” and renounced their citizenship.

Treason is best defined as betraying one’s own country. Treason implies an underhanded, if not secretive, plotting against one’s own nation. Benedict Arnold and Alger Hiss come to mind. A non-citizen cannot betray another country. For exam-

(Continued on page 7)

Georgia Supreme Court Hears Sons of Confederate Veterans’ Monument Case

May 19, 2022

Friends,

As many of you may be aware, today 5/19/22 the Georgia Supreme Court heard oral arguments on the SCV vs. Newton and Henry Counties cases.

Our Attorney Kyle King did an excellent job presenting our legal arguments and addressing the Justice's questions. The County Attorney seemed to be argumentative toward the Justices questions and in some cases defensive. In my opinion they didn't have a sound argument nor answered the Justices questions.

There is a good chance that we will get a favorable ruling from the Supreme Court and these cases along with the Rockdale, DeKalb and Glynn County cases will be then sent back to Superior Court to be heard on the merits of the Law.

I would ask if you can give to help fund our legal fight please click on the below link and give. These Counties are using "other people money" and we have to depend on Patriots willing to give to get justice for our Veterans.

SCV Georgia Division Heritage Defense Fund
<https://www.georgiascv.org/donate/>

Below is the video link to the Supreme Court Oral Arguments, I believe you will be impressed with Attorney King's presentation.

Supreme Court of Georgia - SCV vs. Henry and Newton County
<https://www.gasupreme.us/oral-arguments-may-19-2022/>

Division Commander/Tim Pilgrim

<https://www.gpb.org/news/2022/05/19/georgia-supreme-court-takes-right-sue-over-removal-of-confederate-monuments>

Georgia Supreme Court takes up right to sue over removal of Confederate monuments

ATLANTA – A Civil War heritage preservation group has the right to sue Henry and Newton counties over the removal or planned removal of Confederate monuments, a lawyer for the Sons of Confederate Veterans (SCV) told the Georgia Supreme Court Thursday.

Legislation the General Assembly passed in 2019 authorized “any person, group or legal entity” to challenge any acts in violation of the law, which prohibited the desecration or removal of historic monuments from public property.

Kyle King, representing the SCV, also cited Georgia’s Open Meetings Law, which allows citizens to sue government entities over violations without having to prove they suffered any direct harm.

“That’s essentially what’s being done here,” King said.

But the Georgia Court of Appeals didn’t see it that way when it ruled last year that the SCV lacked legal standing to sue the two counties because its members could not show removing the monuments harmed them directly.

The SCV then appealed to the state Supreme Court.

Patrick Jaugstetter, a lawyer representing Newton County, argued the Open Meetings Law should not be used as a precedent in the SCV case because the lawsuit seeks to recover damages – the costs to repair and replace a removed monument. In lawsuits involving the Open Meetings Law, plaintiffs seek a civil penalty to enforce a “public right,” he said.

“Damages exist only to address injury,” Jaugstetter said. “These plaintiffs have not established [an injury].”

The Confederate monument in downtown McDonough was removed in July 2020 following a vote by the Henry County Commission.

It was part of a nationwide trend to remove statues honoring the Confederacy and Confederate leaders during a summer of street pro-



**“Do your duty, in all things.
You cannot do more, you
should never wish to do less”**
..... **General Robert E. Lee**
The South has produced the greatest Statesmen and Soldiers in our Nation’s history. When the South was invaded these patriots did their duty to protect their families, homes and country. These heroes asked for nothing in return. It’s our duty to remember and to honor them for their sacrifices.

Proclaim Your Southern Heritage!
Join the
SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS
Established 1896 the Sons of Confederate Veterans is the oldest and largest Veterans' honor society in the Country. Whose charge is to honor, protect and preserve the true history of the Confederate Soldier. To Join call toll free: 866-728-4642 or visit www.gascv.org
We will help you find your Confederate Ancestor.
ASK FOR A SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS (SCV) SPECIALTY TAG WHEN RENEWING YOUR CAR TAG. A PORTION OF YOUR TAG FEE GOES TO THE SCV FOR HISTORICAL PROJECTS.



**YOU DO NOT HAVE TO
BE A MEMBER TO
OBTAIN A SONS OF
CONFEDERATE
VETERANS SPECIALTY
TAG. THE PLATES ARE
AVAILABLE THUR THE
DMV TO THE PUBLIC.**

May/June , 2022	The Georgia Confederate	Page 7
(Continued from page 5) ple, I cannot “betray” Mexico or Poland. Following the War for Southern Independence no Confederate was ever tried for treason. Jefferson Davis eagerly looked forward to being tried for treason in order to vindicate the Confederate cause lost on the battlefields in the Courthouse. Here is an argument attributed to Robert Toombs concerning secession that is never heard today. As you probably know, the rebelling colonies drafted the “Articles of Confederation” to represent their governing structure. Recall that the Articles of Confederation were supposed to be a “perpetual union.” When the 12 states met for the Constitutional Convention – and I say 12 because Rhode Island refused to attend – the new Constitution to replace the Articles did <i>not</i> say it was to be perpetual. It is a rule of legal construction that when such a change is made, we presume the drafters – many of whom had served in creating the Articles of Confederation - knew what they were doing when they left out the reference to a “perpetual union.” The new Constitution became effective upon the ratification of only nine states. (See Article VII.) A new nation could be formed and leave four states out in the cold. Thus, the Constitution was really a secession from the Articles of Confederation since 12 of the 13 states departed the “perpetual union.” Rhode Island did not join the new Union until it was threatened with trade sanctions. That was able to focus the attention of the Yankee merchant class. Since it was not present at the constitutional convention, Rhode Island could not ratify the actions of its delegates, but had to accept the entire document before being admitted into the new, modified union. Thus, as Toombs argued, the present Constitutional Republic was formed by secession of the states from the pre-existing “perpetual union.” Salmon P. Chase, Lincoln’s choice for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, has been quoted as having said that no prosecution for treason would be successful against Jefferson Davis. There is no doubt that Chase, a very cagey lawyer, did tell Davis’ lawyers that the 3rd section of the 14th Amendment disqualified Davis from any Federal office and thus any other charges would be double jeopardy. Chase did write in the case of <i>Texas v. White</i> 74 U.S. (7 Wall.) 700 (1869): <i>When, therefore, Texas became one of the United States, she entered into an indissoluble relation. All the obligations of perpetual union, and all the guaranties of republican government in the Union, attached at once to the State. ... <u>There was no place for re-consideration, or revocation, except through revolution, or through consent of the States.</u> [Emphasis added.]</i> Thus, we see that Chase did recognize two means of leaving the Union. The South tried one – revolution – and failed. But was secession treason? Apparently, the last conviction for treason was the case of <i>Kawakita v. United States</i>, 343 U.S. 717 (1952), heard by the Supreme Court in 1952.	Kawakita, who was born in America of Japanese ancestry, moved to Japan in 1939. After Pearl Harbor, he worked in a war industry and helped abuse American prisoners of war there. In 1943 he filed papers stating that he was a Japanese national. During the War, Kawakita mocked the unhappy American prisoners telling them that they would never to return to the United States, but he would since he was an American citizen. In December 1945, Kawakita went to the American consulate and swore he was an American citizen and wanted to return to the United States. Once in America, a former POW saw him and reported him to the FBI. He was tried for treason. His defense was that he was forced to register as a Japanese citizen and forced to abuse American prisoners. The judge instructed the jury that Kawakita could not be found guilty of treason if he honestly believed he was no longer a citizen. The jury concluded that he had never renounced his citizenship since he told POWs he was an American and swore he was a citizen at the American Consulate in December 1945. On appeal, the Supreme Court ruled that, among other issues, that Kawakita should have renounced his American citizenship to avoid being charged with treason. <i>“...That conclusion is hostile to the concept of citizenship as we know it, and it must be rejected. One who wants that freedom can get it by renouncing his American citizenship. He cannot turn it into a fair weather citizenship, retaining it for possible contingent benefits but meanwhile playing the part of the traitor....”</i> The current United States Code states that a person has the right to renounce his citizenship. Let us briefly review the events following secession. In South Carolina, the cadets of the Citadel, on January 9, 1861, months before Fort Sumter was bombarded, fired on the steamship <i>Star of the West</i> and prevented it from resupplying the Fort. The Southern states passed, through very public and publicized events (such as conventions, legislative sessions and referenda) ordinances of secession. The Confederate States held a convention in Montgomery establishing a new government and a constitution. The new President took an oath on the Alabama capitol steps. A new flag was created. Military forces were raised, new uniforms created, and arms procured by both purchase and confiscation. Military posts of the United States were occupied, and United States troops returned to the Northern states. The rudiments of a new Navy were begun. The Confederate military men and civilian office holders publicly took oaths of allegiance to the new republic. This chain of events, most especially the very open withdrawal from allegiance to the United States and swearing allegiance to a new nation, removes all covert purposes and treasonous intent from the acts of the Confederates. The Confederates had clearly and publicly renounced their citi-	zenship and any loyalty owed to the United States of America. This view is further supported by the post-war requirement of the Federals that former Confederates swear an oath of allegiance to the United States. This Robert Toombs and others refused to do. They were never thereafter considered United States citizens. The Southern states were forced to apply for readmission to the Union and not allowed representation in the Congress until their government and Constitutions were approved by the Radical Republicans. Georgia was the last state re-admitted to the Union (July 15, 1870). Howell Cobb, former Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, Secretary of the Treasury under President James Buchanan and a Confederate general, commented that the Federals had fought a war to say that the South could not leave the union. Now they said that the South could not get back in. Thus, we can see that neither Northerners nor Southerners considered Confederates such as Jefferson Davis, Robert E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson or, indeed, any Confederates to be citizens of the United States. As non-citizens they owed no duty of loyalty to the United States. Owing no duty, they were not traitors any more than their ancestors such as George Washington and other patriots in the first Revolution were. Their revolution simply failed. As a final piece of information for your consideration I offer the research of Stephen M. Hood. As you might suspect from his name, he is a collateral descendant of the gallant General John Bell Hood. The title is a more modest one than the facts he assembles require: “Patriots Twice, Former Confederates and the Building of America after the Civil War.” Actually, I think you could safely say they were patriots thrice since most served the United States before the War as well. In summary, ten United States presidents appointed former Confederates as Supreme Court justices, secretaries of the United States Navy, attorneys general and a one secretary of the Interior. Dozens of ex-Confederates were called to represent the reunited nation aboard as ambassadors and counsels. Possibly most tellingly, eight men who donned the gray in the War for Southern Independence wore the federal blue as generals in the Spanish-American war. Former rebels were elected mayors of such cities as Los Angeles, California, Minneapolis, Minnesota, Ogden, Utah and Santa Fe, New Mexico. Ex- <i>(Continued on page 13)</i>



William W. Ketchum Jr.
General William J. Hardee #1397

William Patrick Webb
Gen. Henry Lewis Benning #517

Jack Edward Rawdin, Jr.
Concord Rangers #2135

Mason Iler Woodward
Concord Rangers Camp #2135

RESOLUTION HONORING
MR. CHARLES “CHARLIE” ROBERT CRISP
MEMBER OF SCV CAMP 78 IN AMERICUS, GA

BY State Representatives Mike Cheokas and Bill Yearta:

Honoring the life and memory of Charles “Charlie” Robert Crisp and for other purposes.

Whereas, the State of Georgia mourns the loss of one of its most distinguished citizens with the passing of Charles “Charlie” Robert Crisp on February 18, 2022; and

Whereas, Charlie was born on May 16, 1930, in Americus, Georgia, a beloved son of Charles and Georgia Lumpkin Crisp; and

Whereas, he served as a guardian of this nation’s freedom and liberty with the United States Marine Corps, valiantly and courageously protecting his fellow Americans; and

Whereas, after his service in the military, Charlie came home to Americus, Georgia and spent his entire career with the Bank of Commerce; and

Whereas, dedicated to his community, Charlie served and supported the Rotary Club, the Sons of Confederate Veterans, the Sumter Historic Trust, and the State Botanical Gardens of Georgia, and

Whereas, he gave inspiration to many through his high ideals, morals, and deep concern for his fellow citizens, and the devotion, patience, and understanding he demonstrated to his family and friends were admired by others; and

Whereas, he was a person of magnanimous strengths with an impeachable reputation for integrity, intelligence, fairness, and kindness, and by the example he made of his life, he made this world a better place in which to live; and

Whereas, a compassionate and generous man, Charlie will long be remembered for his love of family, friendship, and community, and will be missed by all who had the great fortune of knowing him.

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the House of Representatives that the members of this body join in honoring the life and memory of Charles “Charlie” Robert Crisp and express their deepest and most sincere regret at his passing.



GEORGIA DIVISION CAMPS CALL TO
ACTION TO GIVE TO OUR LEGAL DEFENSE

91	Thomson Guards	\$ 9,050.00
1914	Maj. Gen. Ambrose R. Wright	\$ 6,924.00
485	Thomas Marsh Forman	\$ 5,500.00
158	Brig. Gen. E. Porter Alexander	\$ 5,164.00
1552	Camp McDonald	\$ 4,005.00
2102	Buckhead-Ft. Lawton Brigade	\$ 3,550.00
97	Brig. Gen. T.R.R. Cobb	\$ 3,300.00
700	Kennesaw Battlefield	\$ 2,800.00
78	Alexander H. Stephens	\$ 2,400.00
1449	John B. Gordon Memorial	\$ 2,200.00
1446	Gen. Leonidas Polk Camp	\$ 2,000.00
96	Maj. William E. Simmons	\$ 1,600.00
1639	Chattahoochee Guards	\$ 1,500.00
1404	27th GA Regiment	\$ 1,490.00
2137	Barnesville Blues	\$ 1,365.00
914	Cherokee Legion	\$ 1,345.21
517	Gen. Henry L. Benning	\$ 1,325.00
941	Ogeechee Rifles	\$ 1,310.00
1397	Gen. William J. Hardee	\$ 1,200.00
863	Joseph Wheeler Camp	\$ 1,100.00
108	Col. Charles T. Zachry	\$ 1,003.00
690	W.F. Jenkins	\$ 1,000.00
1642	Col. Hiram Parks Bell	\$ 1,000.00
2200	Georgia Division HQ	\$ 1,000.00
2218	The Unknown Soldier	\$ 990.00
1855	Calhoun Rifles	\$ 900.00
154	Tattnall Invincibles	\$ 750.00
926	Lt. Dickson L. Baker	\$ 700.00
18	Gen. Edward Dorr Tracy, Jr.	\$ 600.00
1859	Joseph McConnell	\$ 572.00
682	Jefferson Davis Cowboys	\$ 565.00
943	Lt. Col. Thomas C. Glover	\$ 530.00
1399	Lt. James T. Woodward Camp	\$ 525.00
79	Gen. Lafayette McLaws	\$ 500.00
89	Gilmer Light Guards	\$ 500.00
141	Lt. Col. Thomas M. Nelson	\$ 500.00
469	Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest	\$ 500.00
670	Col. Wm. H. Stiles Warren-Aiken	\$ 500.00
707	State of Dade	\$ 500.00
915	Gen. Stand Watie	\$ 500.00
1432	The Confederate Memorial	\$ 500.00
1547	The Roswell Mills	\$ 500.00
1607	Steward/Webster Camp	\$ 500.00
1807	Ochlocknee Rifles	\$ 500.00
2164	Montgomery Sharpshooters	\$ 500.00
64	Clement A. Evans	\$ 400.00
1633	David W. Payne Camp	\$ 250.00
549	Black Creek Volunteers	\$ 200.00
1289	General James Longstreet	\$ 200.00
1386	McLeod-Mooring Camp	\$ 200.00
1977	Private John Ingraham	\$ 180.00
688	Old Capitol	\$ 150.00
1729	Sharpsburg Sharpshooters	\$ 105.00
105	Captain Charles W. Baldwin	\$ 100.00
918	Appling County Grays	\$ 100.00
2314	C.S.S. Chattahoochee	\$ 100.00
2600	Immortal Six Hundred	\$ 100.00



Two Memorial Services were held in Cuthbert, Georgia. These services were organized by the Calhoun Rifles camp of Morgan, Georgia, The commander is Glen Siquiefeld who lead both of these services. The first was at the at the beautiful monument on the city square. The speaker was Compatriot David Sullivan. The second was held at Greenwood Cemetery, Ninth Brigade Commander Jack Cowart was the speaker, Compatriot Bob Ball placed the wreath. These services honored those who gave so much, many died in the hospital organized in Randolph County. Many vet-



Bubba Bradshaw was promoted to 2nd Lt. Clinch's Crew Squad of Troop 3 Mechanized Cavalry.



Commander Garry Daniell (L) inducted Jackson Murphy into General Leonidas Polk #1446 on April 13. His ancestor was Private William Thomas McWatters, Co. K, 42nd Geor-



Compatriots of General Stand Watie #915 and volunteers who helped clean Resaca Confederate Cemetery in Resaca Ga. on Park Day April 9, 2022.



Dustin Thomas (right) is a proud new member of Capt. James Knox #2022 - standing opposite Cdr. Robert Lee Smith. Dustin is the owner of Thomas Wrecker Service and he proudly displays the flag at his business and the hood of his trucks.



Two photos to the left and below: OCR Chapter 16 Confederate Bells Sponsored the 2nd Annual Easter Egg Hunt in Higgston, Ga. along with Ga. 3B Troop 3 Battleground Guard Squad

Photos below: GA 3rd Battalion Troop 3 Clinch's Crew member Brock Harrelson and Scv Camp #2039 Cadet's flagging cemeteries.





☞ Cdr. Brandon Banks (L) inducted Stacey James into General Stand Watie #915 in Calhoun, GA.



☞ Cdr. Brandon Banks (L) inducted Wade



☞ Cdr. Brandon Banks (L) inducted Andrew



☞ Ogeechee Rifles Camp #941, Sons of Confederate Veterans, presented the H.L. Hunley Award to a deserving cadet in the Statesboro High School Junior ROTC . The recipient of the honor was Cadet Capt. Mathew Dearth. The Georgia Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans, presented a \$250 check to the JROTC and it was matched by another \$250 check from the Ogeechee Rifles. Pictured are: (l-r) camp member U.S. Air Force MSGT Darryl Drake (ret), 1SGT David Redwine, ROTC instructor, Cadet Capt. Dearth, Ogeechee Rifles Commander Michael Mull and ex-U.S.Army Airborne Capt. and Ogeeche Rifles chaplain



☞ Members and friends of the General McLaws Camp #79 Fayetteville, Ga. Are presented with Proclamations from FAYETTE County Commissioner Charles Oddo and from Tyrone Town Council. Also present was former Fayetteville City Councilman Paul

☞ The family of compatriot Randy Huber (Gen. Hardee #1397) met at Rader's Lutheran Church Cemetery in Rockingham County, VA on April 30th to dedicate the restored headstones of War of 1812 Patriot Pvt Michael Miller (5th & 6th VA Regt), his wife Phoebe, and their son Pvt William Michael



☞ All across the South and especially Georgia local Sons of Confederate Veterans Camps were Celebrating our Southern Confederate Heroes that defended their Families and Homes against an Invading Army. Confederate Memorial Day Service. Augusta, GA Historic Magnolia Cemetery, over 300 dead Confederate Soldiers and 7 Generals. Me, my Daughter, Daddy and several members of SCV Camp 1914 attended. Our namesake is buried here.



☞ The Alexander H. Stephen Camp 78 held it's annual Confederate Memorial Service at 10:30 a.m. Saturday, April 30th at the Confederate Grave Plot in Oak Grove Cemetery in Americus. L-R Speaker Florida Division Commander Kelly Crocker, Brigade Commander Jack Cowart, Past Camp Commander John Carroll, Representative Mike Cheokas, Ms. Jenny Crisp, Camp 1st Lt. Commander and MC Joe Lawrence, Georgia MOSB Commander Steve Barbaree, and

Confederate Memorial Day Services (April 2022)



UDC Kennesaw Chapter #241 event at the Old Marietta Confederate Cemetery (April 23).



Musket Team (L-R): David Sapp, George Burkett (Gen. Leonidas Polk #1446), Mark Rowell, Michael Reither, William Reither (Kennesaw Battlefield



B/G John C. Carter #207 hosted a Confederate Memorial Service on April 24 at the historic Waynesboro Confederate Memorial Cemetery. In this photo, Dr. David Hollingsworth of Camp 207 offering the Memorial Address.



Today we remember our Georgia veterans. These 11 young men were wounded and being transported on a train through Athens. They were taken off the train for treatment and died here. No one knew their names. The 11 young men had 11 families who never knew what happened to them or where there final resting place was. Governments do what governments do and usually for reasons we know little about at the time. Service is never wrong and deserves to be honored. We honor these men's service in defense of their homes and the loss to their



On Saturday, April 23, Camp 91, Thomson Guards held a Confederate Memorial Day service at the historic plantation home and burial site of Captain John Thaddeus Stovall. Stovall was the third captain of Thomson Guards, Company F, 10th Georgia Infantry Regiment, Semmes Brigade, McLaws Division, Longstreet's Corp, ANV. He never left the company during four years of military service. He returned home a hero and became a public servant. Captain Stovall embodied all the character traits we wish to emulate in the SCV. In 1875, he was tragically killed when a tornado struck his home. The Stovall Camp, Camp 91 was the first UCV camp in Thomson.



Two photos above: Augusta Confederate Memorial Day Service (April 23). Brigadier General E. Porter Alexander Camp #158 Confederate Memorial Day

Confederate Memorial Day Services (April 2022) - continued



👉 Camp #158 B/Gen. E Porter Alexander Honor Guard, Augusta GA at Bethtune Cemetery

👉 South Carolina Division Commander Perry Smith joined the 30th Annual Memorial Service at Worth County Courthouse. Left to Right James King, Thomas Nelson Camp, Brigade Commander Bo Slack, Perry Smith, S.Carolina State Division Commander, Rodney Hutchinson, Commander Yancy Independents and Raymond Harrell, 2nd Artillery



👉 A Confederate Memorial Day service for the John B. Gordon SCV camp 1449 was held at Glenwood Cemetery in Thomaston, GA with Ken Arvin as the guest speaker. 👉



👉👉 A Carl Thomas Miller Sr. (L) and Carl Thomas Miller Jr. (R) from Gen. Ambrose Wright #1914 decorated graves at the Bugg Family Cemetery in Grovetown, GA. Pas CIC Kelly Barrows



👉 The Buckhead-Fort Lawton Brigade, Camp No. 2102, in Millen, recognized Confederate Memorial Day 2022 with an early morning wreath-laying ceremony at the Confederate Veterans' Monument on the Jenkins County courthouse square. The custom-made wreath bore a red ribbon representing courage and respect, and featured 13 white roses symbolizing the stars on the Confederate Battle Flag. From left: Compatriot Steve Burke, Compatriot Larry Fleming, Adjutant James Saxon, Compatriot Tommy Lane, Compa-



👉 Members of David W. Payne # 1633 and Smith's Legion United Daughters of the Confederacy observed the annual Confederate Memorial Day at the Union County War Memorial in Blairsville, (April 23).



👉 8th Brigade Compatriots held their Confederate Memorial Service in Cordelle on May 15.



👉 Camp #673 cannon, "The Preacher" in action Confederate Memorial Day 2022

(Continued from page 7)

Confederates were also governors of the states and territories of Colorado, West Virginia, Missouri, Utah, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Alaska and the Panama Canal zone.

Our ancestors who fought and suffered for the Independence of the Southland were given an honored place in the nation’s history once the immediate post-war hysteria had passed. The victorious Federals were happy to absorb Confederate heroism and honor as part of the mutual patrimony of the reunited nation. But people who never heard a rebel yell are unwilling to accept the verdict of those who did.

The America Robert E. Lee urged all Southerners support after the War is vanishing. It has been revised, reinterpreted, contextualized and re-written. It will not be long before we will be told that Washington and his men froze at Valley Forge to ensure gay marriage or free abortion on demand. Maybe we should rethink secession.

But against predator drones, surveillance, electronic warfare and the Leviathan state and now the recently announced Biden Ministry of Truth, actual political secession seems impossible. Well, almost certainly impossible. A different secession is called for.

We need to consider a secession of the mind. Solzhenitsyn, the famed Russian author and survivor of the Gulags, discussed the dilemma decent Russians faced under our kindly ally, Uncle Joe Stalin. “Internal Exile” was a term used to describe persons who became “unpersons” or “non-Soviet persons” under the Communist system and were deported to Siberia. Solzhenitsyn suggested that an individual, even under the pressures of the State, could go into an internal exile of a different sort: an exile of the mind. Simply remove yourself from the contaminated present and remain true to eternal values internally. Conform as far as your conscience can permit. But retain your own honesty, decency and dignity, and only associate with like-minded persons. Unlike many, Solzhenitsyn was able to outlast the Soviet state and experience freedom.

British author Evelyn Waugh discussed the same concept in the West. He revived the term “Abjuring the Realm” which I commented on earlier. His definition was: “To make an interior act of renunciation and to become a stranger in the world; to watch one’s fellow countrymen as one used to watch foreigners, curious of their habits, patient of their absurdities, indifferent to their animosities – that is the secret of happiness in this century¼.” I would suggest that we discard those corrupt practices in modern America and within our own communities while eschewing the madness that surrounds us. Do not become a part of their modern “culture.” And do not leave your children’s minds in the hands of strangers and strange people. Both Solzhenitsyn and Waugh stress the INTERIOR nature of this renunciation. It takes place within each and every one of us. You need not be obnoxious. Just do not go along. The answer Nancy Reagan preferred is applicable here: Just say “No.”

Even in the Gilded Age of Reconstruction America you could see the “produce-and-consume” America of today emerging. Money is everything. “Getting it” any way you can is the answer.

So, if you deny money to the creatures that set the standards of America today, you really do hurt them where they feel it most. Do not purchase anything from them. Avoid socializing with them. Cut them, as far as you humanly can, out of your lives. Do not listen to their music; do not buy their books and movies; do not associate with them.

These people live only for money and notoriety. Without those objects, they wither and die on the outside just as they are already dead on the inside.

There are probably 100 million Americans living today with some degree of Confederate ancestry. We have potentially one of the greatest economic blocs at our fingertips – if we would use it. Our individual lives are rather short. You younger people will have the chance to stand over the coffins of most of us here today. When each of us arrives at that terminal destination, what will Greed have given you?

Our Confederate ancestors would point us to those eternal values: God, Family, Friends, Neighbors, State, Nation - pretty much in that order. They would not barter these values for mere material gain. Not that there is anything wrong with materialism if you do not compromise the eternal in its acquisition. Remember, it is the love of money, not money itself, which is the root of all evil.

Anna Jackson, the General’s widow turned down numerous offers of remarriage following the war. She finally explained that she would prefer to be the widow of Stonewall Jackson than the wife of any man living.

Similarly, General Lee was offered many positions with banks, railroads, Yankee patent medicine companies and other enterprises which would have relieved him from any post-war financial worries.

Lee refused all offers of the easy life saying that he would not trade on his men’s blood. Instead he went to Washington College to help mold the next generation of leaders.

By comparison, the some of the children of the late Nobel Peace Prize Laureate and slain Civil Rights Leader the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., have worked desperately to monetize family Bibles, Nobel Prize medals, images and words in a desperate effort to avoid working for an honest living. No, most of our ancestors could see beyond the glitter of a fancy casket.

They could see and sense the heroic and make the heroic a part of their lives. By doing so, they became heroes themselves - whether aristocrats like Lee or simple small farmers and teachers like Jackson or a plain private soldier such as Lawson Henderson Hope who served under both Lee and Jackson. Their virtues are within us all. They are human virtues. But today these values are being buried under the slag and filth of modern life. Davis, Lee and Jackson would challenge you to mine those golden precepts and venerate them. Live a real life - not a phony existence limited to its fancy bangles and toys.

Modern America has become the land of the Living Dead. Maybe that is why zombie shows are so popular today. People shuffle through life as if they were brain dead. They are unwilling to confront genuine issues - partly because they do understand that our ruling junta will punish those who dissent from their religious totems. “Diversity” is the chief idol before which they prostrate themselves. This Moloch demands the literal sacrifice of children, for example, by condemning them to be parked in virtual holding cells called public schools. Education is far, far less important than indoctrination. These public schools are not visited by our rulers except in bullet-proof, armored limousines with their sacred persons surrounded by armed guards.

The Spaniards held out against the Moors for over 700 years. Eastern Europeans and Russians refused to accept the soul-destroying Bolshevism imposed upon them for over 70 years. Can Dixie survive prosperity? The auguries are not encouraging. But the answer is in each and every one of you. We do not think that Christ lost because he died on the cross. These are bad times we live in. The Chinese have an ancient curse: “May you live in interesting times.”

Prior to comparatively recent days, our ancestors who fought and suffered for the Independence of the Southland were given an honored place in the entire nation’s history once the immediate post-war hysteria had passed. Today they are routinely referred to as losers, traitors and Nazis and the most evil men and women to ever inhabit the North American continent.

I know something about Nazis having been involved with a typesetting concern that set type for a Nazi group. I can assure you that I saw no Nazi propaganda that in any way resembles the structure desired by our Confederate ancestors. In fact, some historians state that the South “died of

(Continued on page 15)

Georgia Confederates Youth Camp

Our Christian/Southern Heritage:

**“Proclaiming the Good News of Jesus Christ”,
And protecting the good name of the Confederate Veteran.**

NEXT CAMP

June 27, 2022 - July 1, 2022

Douglas Gospel Assembly, Broxton, GA

Deadline to sign up: June 14, 2021

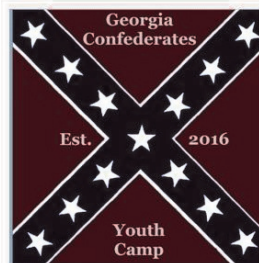
Camper tuition: \$350.00 - \$200 (Scholarship) = \$150

For more information and to register contact:

Pastor John Weaver at freedom308@windstream.net

Please consider sponsoring a Camper for \$150. Send donations to:

Pastor John Weaver , P.O. Box 394, Fitzgerald, GA 31750 (payable GCYC)



- Daily outdoor activities
- Daily Programs
- Oratory contest with prizes
- Period dance classes
- Gala banquet and ball
- A genealogy workshop

Campers from other States are welcome and camper parents don't have to be SCV members.

Breaking News !!!!!

**The Georgia Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans
has approved a scholarship fund for the 2022 GCYC.**

Tuition: \$350.00

Scholarship: [\$200.00]*

Net: \$150.00

**Available to the first 20 Campers to apply.*



**The 127th Sons of Confederate Veterans Reunion Metal. Honoring Lt. General William J. Hardee (Old Reliable) a native of Camden County, Georgia and a Commanding Officer during the Atlanta Campaign.
Have you registered for the event yet? See page 17 !**

CADET MEMBERSHIP

For more information, contact:

Thomas Miller

thomasmiller007@yahoo.com

912.536.5775



"I loved the old government in 1861. I love the old Constitution yet.

**I think it is the best government in the world,
if administered as it was before the war.**

I do not hate it; I am opposing now only the radical revolutionists who are trying to destroy it.

**I believe that party to be composed, as I know it is in Tennessee,
of the worst men on Gods earth - men who would hesitate at no crime,
and who have only one object in view - to enrich themselves."**

(Continued from page 13)

State’s Rights.” National Socialist Germany was a dictatorship run from the top down. Most of those individualistic Confederates would have wound up in concentration camps under the Third Reich. You may want to consult Adolf Hitler himself. At the Virginia Holocaust Museum website you can find the 25 points of the Nazi Party. See where they agree with the principles of the Confederacy. Speaking of which, where are the Confederate extermination camps? While the Confederacy may have had slavery – as did every society and every racial group - unlike the Communists and the Nazis murder was never a part of Confederate national policy.

I am always ready be educated. Show me where these facts are wrong.

It is interesting to note that the man who was Supreme Allied Commander and fought real Nazis, General, later President Dwight D. Eisenhower kept a portrait of General Robert E. Lee in the White House oval office. Challenged by a New York dentist, he defended Lee in very glowing terms that would resonate with most Americans of his time.

... I would say, first, that we need to understand that at the time of the War between the States the issue of secession had remained unresolved for more than 70 years. Men of probity, character, public standing and unquestioned loyalty, both North and South, had disagreed over this issue as a matter of principle from the day our Constitution was adopted.

General Robert E. Lee was, in my estimation, one of the supremely gifted men produced by our Nation. He believed unswervingly in the Constitutional validity of his cause which until 1865 was still an arguable question in America...

...Taken altogether, he was noble as a leader and as a man, and unsullied as I read the pages of our history.

From deep conviction, I simply say this: a nation of men of Lee’s calibre would be unconquerable in spirit and soul. Indeed, to the degree that present-day American youth will strive to emulate his rare qualities, including his devotion to this land as revealed in his painstaking efforts to help heal the Nation’s wounds once the bitter struggle was over, we, in our own time of danger in a divided world, will be strengthened and our love of freedom sustained.

Such are the reasons that I proudly display the picture of this great American on my office wall.

Sincerely,

Dwight D. Eisenhower

To call our ancestors “Nazis” when General Eisenhower and Winston Churchill held General Lee and other Confederate leaders to be noble, courageous and worthy of emulation shows historical ignorance of a breathtaking degree.

Additionally, many of the leading officers of the United States Army in the Second World War to say nothing of a disproportionate number of enlisted men were of Confederate ancestry. The end of the Hitler government was made possible disproportionately by the efforts of Confederate descendants.

By contrast, “anti-fascists,” for example, are so ignorant of history that they vandalized a statue of General Lee in Dunn, North Carolina.

Unfortunately, it was the statue of General William Lee, father of the American Airborne and commander of the 101st Airborne in World War II. They apparently could not recognize that he did not look like Robert E. Lee. He did not wear the same uniform as Robert E. Lee. They did not or could not read the plaque describing his service. Since he had the same last name, that was good enough.

As Tennessee Ernie Ford might say, “Bless their little pea-picking hearts.” And their pea-sized brains. So, they attacked a monument to a solider who fought

against the Third Reich all in the name of anti-Nazism.

Let me offer a brief little contrast between our corporate media’s treatment of their own heroes.

Just look at “Hanoi” Jane Fonda. She famously sat at a North Vietnamese anti-aircraft gun that was tasked to shot down American pilots. If you have not viewed the photos lately, I invite you to do so. The simpering adulation she shows to the enemy gunners is almost beyond belief. In one photo she is applauding the gun crew.

She did not renounce her citizenship when she applauded the anti-aircraft gunners. No, she was then defended by our establishment as an American citizen simply expressing her opposition to the “war.”

Fonda was then and remains today supported by our managerial class. No aid and comfort to an enemy can be found in her actions. Nothing to see here. Keep moving on.

When is the last time you saw any of those photos in the corporate media? Many of you young people have probably never seen them. At least for the moment “cancel culture” has not scrubbed them from the internet. Maybe they are proud of her.

But the Confederates are regarded by these same guardians of our morality as the traitors.

We have a duty. It is a duty which General Stephen D. Lee incorporated in the “Charge” to the Sons of Confederate Veterans.

“To you, Sons of Confederate Veterans, we will commit the vindication of the cause for which we fought. To your strength will be given the defense of the Confederate soldier’s good name, the guardianship of his history, the emulation of his virtues, the perpetuation of those principles for which he loved and which you love also, and those ideals which made him glorious and which you also cherish. Remember, it is your duty to see that the true history of the South is presented to future generations.”

Engineering Consulting for manufacturing, chemical plants, oil & gas as well as Commercial (MEP) projects.

•Project Management

•Pumps and handling fluid

•Solar equipment sales and installation

•Process / Chemical

•Mechanical & HVAC

•Industrial Duct and Piping Design

• 3D Laser Scanning & Design

• Procurement Assistance

• P&ID / PSM / HAZOP

• Special Engineering Studies

• Arc Flash



ARTHUR

ENGINEERING, LLC

SYLVANIA, GEORGIA

1006 Millen Hwy

Sylvania, GA 30467

Phone: (912) 499-1400

info@Arthur-Engineering.com

www.Arthur-Engineering.com

Black slavery in black Africa by black slavers; Henry Louis Gates		Ghana, followed Mr. Kerekou’s bold example.”	the Mbundu, waged wars of resistance against the Portuguese but also conquered polities as far as 500 miles inland and sold her captives to the Portuguese. When Njinga converted to Christianity, she sold African traditional religious leaders into slavery, claiming they had violated her new Christian precepts.”
Henry Louis Gates: “While we are all familiar with the role [in slavery] played by the United States and the European colonial powers like Britain, France, Holland, Portugal and Spain, there is very little discussion of the role Africans themselves played. And that role, it turns out, was a considerable one, especially for the slave-trading kingdoms of western and central Africa. These included the Akan of the kingdom of Asante in what is now Ghana, the Fon of Dahomey (now Benin), the Mbundu of Ndongo in modern Angola and the Kongo of today’s Congo, among several others.”	complex: slavery was a business highly organized and lucrative for European buyers and African sellers alike.”	African involvement in the slave trade is not historical guesswork. Thanks to the Trans-Atlantic Slave Trade Database, directed by the historian David Eltis of Emory University, we now know the ports from which more than 450,000 of our African ancestors were shipped out to what is now the United States (the database has records of 12.5 million people shipped to all parts of the New World from 1514 to 1866). About 16 percent of United States slaves came from eastern Nigeria, while 24 percent came from the Congo and Angola.”	“Did these Africans know how harsh slavery was in the New World? Actually, many elite Africans visited Europe in that era, and they did so on slave ships following the prevailing winds through the New World. For example, when Antonio Manuel, Kongo’s ambassador to the Vatican, went to Europe in 1604, he first stopped in Bahia, Brazil, where he arranged to free a countryman who had been wrongfully enslaved.”
“For centuries, Europeans in Africa kept close to their military and trading posts on the coast. Exploration of the interior, home to the bulk of Africans sold into bondage at the height of the slave trade, came only during the colonial conquests, which is why Henry Morton Stanley’s pursuit of Dr. David Livingstone in 1871 made for such compelling press: he was going where no (white) man had gone before.”	“The African role in the slave trade was fully understood and openly acknowledged by many African-Americans even before the Civil War. For Frederick Douglass, it was an argument against repatriation schemes for the freed slaves. ‘The savage chiefs of the western coasts of Africa, who for ages have been accustomed to selling their captives into bondage and pocketing the ready cash for them, will not more readily accept our moral and economical ideas than the slave traders of Maryland and Virginia,’ he warned. ‘We are, therefore, less inclined to go to Africa to work against the slave trade than to stay here to work against it’.”	“Through the work of Professors Thornton and Heywood, we also know that the victims of the slave trade were predominantly members of as few as 50 ethnic groups. This data, along with the tracing of blacks’ ancestry through DNA tests, is giving us a fuller understanding of the identities of both the victims and the facilitators of the African slave trade.”	“African monarchs also sent their children along these same slave routes to be educated in Europe. And there were thousands of former slaves who returned to settle Liberia and Sierra Leone. The Middle Passage, in other words, was sometimes a two-way street. Under these circumstances, it is difficult to claim that Africans were ignorant or innocent.”
“How did slaves make it to these coastal forts? The historians John Thornton and Linda Heywood of Boston University estimate that 90 percent of those shipped to the New World were enslaved by Africans and then sold to European traders. The sad truth is that without complex business partnerships between African elites and European traders and commercial agents, the slave trade to the New World would have been impossible, at least on the scale it occurred.”	“To be sure, the African role in the slave trade was greatly reduced after 1807, when abolitionists, first in Britain and then, a year later, in the United States, succeeded in banning the importation of slaves. Meanwhile, slaves continued to be bought and sold within the United States, and slavery as an institution would not be abolished until 1865. But the culpability of American plantation owners neither erases nor supplants that of the African slavers. In recent years, some African leaders have become more comfortable discussing this complicated past than African-Americans tend to be.”	“For many African-Americans, these facts can be difficult to accept. Excuses run the gamut, from ‘Africans didn’t know how harsh slavery in America was’ and ‘Slavery in Africa was, by comparison, humane’ or, in a bizarre version of ‘The devil made me do it,’ ‘Africans were driven to this only by the unprecedented profits offered by greedy European countries’.”	“Given this remarkably messy history, the problem with reparations may not be so much whether they are a good idea or deciding who would get them; the larger question just might be from whom they would be extracted.”
“Advocates of reparations for the descendants of those slaves generally ignore this untidy problem of the significant role that Africans played in the trade, choosing to believe the romanticized version that our ancestors were all kidnapped unawares by evil white men, like Kunta Kinte was in ‘Roots.’ The truth, however, is much more	“In 1999, for instance, President Mathieu Kerekou of Benin astonished an all-black congregation in Baltimore by falling to his knees and begging African-Americans’ forgiveness for the ‘shameful’ and ‘abominable’ role Africans played in the trade. Other African leaders, including Jerry Rawlings of	“But the sad truth is that the conquest and capture of Africans and their sale to Europeans was one of the main sources of foreign exchange for several African kingdoms for a very long time. Slaves were the main export of the kingdom of Kongo; the Asante Empire in Ghana exported slaves and used the profits to import gold. Queen Njinga, the brilliant 17th-century monarch of	



Sons of Confederate Veterans

127th National Annual Reunion, July 2022

Official Registration Form

Cartersville, Georgia * July 19 - 23, 2022 *

www.2022reunion.gascv.org

NAME (Print): _____

SCV CAMP NAME & NUMBER: _____

TITLE/POSITION: _____

PERSONAL ADDRESS: _____ Zip _____

PHONE: _____ EMAIL: _____

~ Tickets Purchased ~			
Event / Date	Price	Qty.	Total
Reunion Registration (After July 1, 2022 = \$75) includes Reunion Medal	\$65		
Chickamauga Dinner & Presentation at the Clearance Brown Conference Center Tuesday, July 19, 2022 @ 6:00 pm	\$50		
Chickamauga Battlefield Tour (lunch include SOLD OUT July 20, 2022 @ 10:00 am			
UDC Tour - "A Southern Tea Outing" Historic Dalton / Wednesday, July 20, 2022 @ 1:00 pm	\$65		
Resaca Dinner & Presentation at the Booth WBTS / Cowboy Museum. (Admission included) / Wednesday, July 20, 2022 @ 6:30 pm	\$55		
UDC Tour- "A Day in 1850 Cartersville" / Thursday, July 21, 2022 @ 9:30 am.	\$35		
Battlefield Tours of Resaca, Ringgold SOLD OUT (lunch included) Thursday, July 21, @12:15 pm			
SCV Heritage Luncheon / Thursday, July 21, 2022 @ 12:30 pm	\$40		
Kennesaw Mountain Dinner & Presentation at the Savoy Antique Automobile Museum. (Admission included) / Thursday, July 21, 2022 @ 6:30 pm	\$55		
Prayer Breakfast / Friday, July 22, 2022 @ 7:00 am	\$30		
Battlefield Tours of Kennesaw Mt. SOLD OUT Hill & Marietta Confederate Cemetery (lunch included) / Friday, July 22,			
SCV Awards Luncheon / Friday, July 22, 2022 @ 12:30 pm	\$40		
UDC Tour - "Gone with the Wind Tour" / Friday, July 22, 2022 @ 1:00 pm	\$45		
Mechanized Cavalry Breakfast / Saturday, July 23, 2022 @ 7:00 am	\$30		
Personalized Tour of the Cyclorama SOLD OUT of Atlanta and Atlanta History Center Museum. (Admission & Chick-fil-A lu day, July 23, 2022 @ 12:30 pm			
SCV Banquet, Debutante Ceremony & Grand Ball / Saturday, July 23, 2022 @ 7:00 p.m. <i>Note: Dress/Attire is Coat & Tie or Period Uniform/Civilian</i>	\$70		
Honor your Confederate Ancestor by including his name in a special Remembrance section of the official program book; two lines of 45 characters. Write on back of this form.	\$10		
Final Total - total of Registration, Tours and Meals			

Make Checks Payable to: **Georgia Division, SCV**

Mail Form & Check to: **Georgia Division, SCV, P.O. Box 1081, Macon Ga. 31202**

For more information contact Secretary@gascv.org or (478) 305-7862

The Battlefields of Glory

By: George Ray Houston
Poet Laureate Georgia SCV
Charter Member Yancy Independents
Camp 693, Sylvester, GA

Confederates marched into the battlefields of
glory
And charged without retreat.
On the fields of honor, we recite their story,
Before great monuments, we challenge de-
feat.

We relate in memories with fallen tears,
Our kin in victories long.
O soldiers, we salute your valor in war-torn
years
In lyrics of poems and song.

God save our land, and its broken granite
stone,
Monuments toppled in mid of nights.
Posterity, of Confederate dead, must never
atone
The memories of our Southern knights.

A place of honor stored within our heart,
Souls are cleansed with pride.
A nation of freedom cherished from the start,
In defeat, Southern soldiers would abide.

O Soldier of legend, grimly departed,
You rest on laurels of fame.
I bow before your grave, your deeds re-
garded,
And loudly I praise your name.

Your precious blood flows through me,
Our special desires of hearts entwine.
You fought for our rights, inspiring and free,
O soldiers, your legend, enduring and di-
vine.

The ghost sentinel guards the sacred ground,
The marble stone where heroes lie.
Our Southern soldiers by oath were bound,
Shall live forever in our hearts desire.

Ancestors perished on the battlefields of
glory,
Save in defense their gallant deeds.
Written volumes of their struggles and story,
Their planting of patriotic seeds.

Georgia Confederate
Deadlines
~ 2022 ~

July 1st
Aug. 1st
Oct. 1st

Continued from page 1 — Division Commander Tim Pilgrim’s letter to the SMMA (below).

We deserve some answers. Our Confederate Memorial Day service was allowed to be disrupted at a substantial financial expense and inconvenience to our organization, membership and attendees.

1. Why was the Stone Mountain Action Coalition (SMAC), the Democratic Socialists of Atlanta (DSATL), National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) and Anti-fa allowed to assemble in the Park without a legal permit?
2. Is it against the regulations of Stone Mountain Memorial Park to use bullhorns or sound systems without a permit? If so, why were these groups allowed to use bullhorns?
3. Who was the SMMA official that allowed the mob to leave the Memorial Hall area to descend to our area just as soon as our Confederate Memorial Day service started?
4. Why did the leadership of the law enforcement permit such unruly and obscene behavior on the part of the protesters that our participants’ enjoyment of the event was seriously compromised?
5. Protestors made unlawful terrorist threats against attendees and some brandished weapons such as a baseball bat. I have been told by reliable sources that no law enforcement personnel even spoke to these people. Why is that? Were they ordered to hold back?

We would hope that the Governor’s Office and the Department of Natural Resources will conduct an inquiry into these violations of Georgia law and Park rules and regulations. We will certainly be making every effort to see that these matters are investigated.

It is long-standing police practice - supported by numerous court cases - that there is no requirement that opposing groups be permitted to come in close proximity to each other. There have even been cases where “Free Speech Zones” have been established with several city blocks of distance and no visual contact between two groups. There is no First Amendment right to disrupt another group’s right to assemble and speak freely.

It would appear that the command staff of the law enforcement personnel failed to enforce long-standing law enforcement principles. Further, I must say that while the provocations were great, our attendees did not rise to the bait.

A reasonable distance between the groups should be an absolute requirement in the future.

The Sons of Confederate Veterans and the Stone Mountain Memorial Association have had a long and fruitful relationship. This most recent event does raise concerns on our part about the behavior of the law enforcement leadership of the Stone Mountain Memorial Association and the Stone Mountain Memorial Park.

Page 2 of 3

We are descendants of Confederate Soldiers belonging to an organization established in 1896. Our mission is to honor the Confederate Soldier. Stone Mountain Memorial Park has been a Confederate Memorial since 1916 and by State law is a memorial to the Confederacy. Furthermore, April is, by State law, Confederate History and Heritage Month. We have every right to have a peaceful and respectful memorial service at Stone Mountain Memorial Park to honor the Confederate Soldier.

I would hope that we could have a meeting in the very near future to discuss what we see as the shortcomings such as those listed above. Obviously, the Sons of Confederate Veterans do plan to continue to hold our Confederate Memorial Day services at the Park. I hope that we can come together and work out these issues, so we do not ever have to face the kind of madcap behavior on the part of demonstrators in the future. I think that if the demonstrators were to be handled properly, as provided for by law, the interests of all parties would be best served.

What do you think about having a meeting to discuss these matters?

Sincerely,

Timothy F. Pilgrim

Timothy F. Pilgrim
Georgia Division Commander, Sons of Confederate Veterans

cc: Honorable Brian Kemp, Governor State of Georgia
Mark Williams, Commissioner Department of Natural Resources
Rev. Abraham Mosley, Chairman Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Joan Bostick Thomas, Vice Chair Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Ray Stallings Smith III Esq., Board Member Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Carolyn D. Meadows, Board Member Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Rey Martinez, Board Member Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Roy N. Roberts, Board Member Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Christopher Colliers Esq., Board Member Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Christopher Sanders, Board Member Stone Mountain Memorial Association
Jeff Cown, Department of Natural Resources
Scott D. Hall Esq., Judge Advocate-In-Chief, Sons of Confederate Veterans
Daniel A. Coleman Esq., Judge Advocate Georgia Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans
Georgia Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans, Executive Council

Page 3 of 3

MONUMENT DIRECTIVE FROM THE DIVISION

The Division's legal team has recommended the following actions be taken by our Camps to help secure legal standing to enable the Division and Camps to bring a lawsuit against the cities and counties that illegally removing our Veterans monuments.

- Having regular memorial services at the monument. Even if you just have a few people to surround the monument and say a prayer and leaves some flowers. We don't have to get permission from the city or county to go to the monument for a silent memorial. Take photos to document the event.
- Ask the city or county if the Camp can clean the monument. Keep a record of what the cleaning chemicals cost and how many people and man-hours it took to clean the monument. That will establish the monetary standing labor and materials and take photos. Some monuments may not require permission to clean if not just do it.
- If there is any way we can document that we spent money to even hire a contractor to replace broken marble, or re grout the joints of the monument that will give us a chance of claiming standing. The Division will help with these cost.

We have got to switch gears on how we place any future monuments, we can't continue placing our monuments on public property to be removed later by these spineless politicians. We need to be on the lookout for land that we can purchase or even land someone will donate. We can give a land donator a 501c3 letter for the value of the land so they can take a tax deduction.

It is important the location needs to be in a prominent highly visible location. A place worthily of placing a monument to our Southern Heroes. The monument itself doesn't need to a small obelisk or a slate of granite with a plaque, we need to erect grand monuments that are worthy of our Veterans valor. Even if it takes



VETERANS MEMORIAL COALITION

The Veterans Memorial Coalition, Inc. helps elect State and Federal candidates who support our American Veterans from past and present. We also contribute to elected officials who support legislation that protects monuments, memorials, and banners sacred to those Veterans.

www.Vetmc.org vetmc.org/voters-guild/

Veterans Memorial Coalition, Inc.
P. O. Box 6893
Gainesville, GA 30504



Confederate Memorial Day Services (April 2022)



Richard Boarts, Brian Anderson, Elliott and Nathan

Susan Forrister

Billy Bearden, Richard Boarts; Haralson Invincibles #673



GA Division spokesman and event speaker Martin O'Toole.



In the background, socialists and domestic terrorists attempt to disrupt the service at Stone Mountain.



Camp #2314 "CSS Chattahoochee" Executive Officer Patrick Cofty, awarded a Hunley Award to Cadet Cameron Troupe of Early County High School, Blakely, Georgia.



Ride for Brylea sponsored by SCV James T Woodward Camp #1399 (Warner Robins GA). Troop 3 Clinch's Crew members attended.



Ga. 3B Troop 3 Mid State Defenders Squad newest member Alex Logan (center, holding certificate) #4333 being sworn into



Scvmc Troop 3 newest member Nathan Coursey #4337; Battleground Guard Squad in Higgston Ga.

Advertisement Policy &
Rates

Ad Rates are as follows
Full Color Back Pg....\$185.00
Full Page.....\$125.00
One-Half Page.....\$70.00
One-Fourth Page.....\$40.00
One-Eighth Page... ..\$30.00
Business Card.....\$15.00
Checks should be made pay-
able to *The Georgia Confed-*
erate and mailed to:
P.O. Box 1081
Macon, Ga. 31202

Contact the Editor for Camp Ad
Rates.
Advertising copy can be submitted
in a variety of methods. Pictures
should be provided in **jpeg format
dpi greater than 150 or an origi-
nal photograph.** Company logos
can be used in your ad by provid-
ing a copy in bmp format or from
your company business card or
stationery.
The Georgia Confederate is a Tab-
loid-Size newspaper. The image
area for a single page is 10 1/4” x
13”.

The Georgia
Confederate

Official Publication of the
Georgia Division,
Sons of Confederate Veterans
Copyright 2010
By Georgia Division, SCV
All Rights Reserved
~ Editorial Board ~
Tim Pilgrim & Michael
Reither

Editor
Michael Reither

Assistant Editor
Barry Colbaugh

Send all articles, photos,
etc. to:

- gaconfederate@att.net
•*The Georgia Confederate* is
published six times a year.
•Opinions expressed in
articles are not necessarily
those of this newspaper.
•**The Georgia Confederate**
is distributed free to
members of the Georgia
Division, Sons of
Confederate Veterans.
•Address Corrections:
secretary@gascv.org



SUPPORT THE SONS OF
CONFEDERATE VETERANS
AND PROUDLY DISPLAY OUR
ORGANIZATION LOGO BY
OBTAINING A SCV
SPECIALTY LICENSE TAG.

Help make
The Georgia Confederate
a better newsletter:
**All photos should be
dpi greater than 150.**



Subscription Coupon
~ \$12.00 Per Year ~

Name _____
Address _____
City,State,Zip _____

Mail Subscription Coupon along with check to:
The Georgia Confederate
P.O, Box 1081
Macon, Ga. 31202

GEORGIA'S CONFEDERATE
MONUMENTS
In Honor of a Fallen Nation
Gould B. Hagler, Jr.



This unique work contains a complete
photographic record of Georgia's
memorials to the Confederacy, a full
transcription of the words engraved
upon them, and carefully-researched
information about the monuments
and the organizations which built
them. These works of art and their
eloquent inscriptions express a
nation's profound grief, praise the
soldiers' bravery and patriotism, and
pay homage to the cause for which
they fought.

www.mupress.org
866-895-1472 toll-free


Mercer University Press